

THE TIMES.

EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT MONDAY
ROANOKE PUBLISHING CO.,
Publishers and Proprietors,
TIMES BUILDING,
122 CAMPBELL AVENUE S. W.
TERMS BY MAIL (Postage Prepaid).
Daily, one month \$1.50
" three months 4.50
" six months 8.00
" one year, in advance 15.00
Sunday Edition, one year 1.00

The Times is a member of the Associated Press—the greatest news-collecting association in the world—and receives over special wire the full telegraphic news service of the Associated Press—the same news from all over the United States and the world that is simultaneously received by the great dailies of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

OCTOBER.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

NOTICE.

T. Campbell Gray has been appointed circulation manager of THE TIMES and is authorized to receive money and receipt or same on account of this paper.
ROANOKE PUBLISHING CO.
Roanoke, Sept. 9th, 1895.

CITIZENS' TICKET.

FOR THE SENATE,
M. H. CLAYTOR,
Of Roanoke County.

FOR THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES,
B. A. JONES,
Of Roanoke City.
J. L. HANNAH,
Of Roanoke County.

The Goo Goos have the Goo Gones on the run with their tongues hanging out.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has left off fishing and gone back to business. It is hoped he enjoyed himself thoroughly and that the country will profit by his rest and recreation. There is much important work before him and the next Congress.

LORD SACKVILLE has not forgotten or forgiven his treatment by Mr. Cleveland's first administration. His little book, giving his experience and criticizing Mr. Bayard, has raised a first-class diplomatic sensation, and the question now is, what will the Government do about it? The ex-British minister undoubtedly was treated very roughly, and all for political effect.

SENATOR SHERMAN said, in an interview at Washington yesterday, that times are better than they were, and that business conditions have improved over what they have been, but that there is no substantial revival, and there is no promise of a return of general prosperity under present circumstances. Everything in the way of Congressional legislation for improving the situation depended, he said, upon the action of the President, for, while the Republicans have complete power in the House, their hold on the Senate is uncertain. He believed, with the concurrence of President Cleveland, Congress might do something to improve the situation, but it must be in the way of increasing the tariff revenues. As to the financial situation the Senator would say nothing. He evidently would have the people believe that their only hope of steady and permanent prosperity is in an election of a Republican President next year, and a Congress overwhelmingly in favor of a protective tariff. The people, however, know a thing or two themselves. They know that the present deficit can be remedied without any sweeping tariff legislation, and that the business improvement has come to stay, notwithstanding the predictions of those who have political axes to grind.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The price barometer gives indications that are not entirely favorable. Cotton goods go up with increasing evidence that the crop of cotton is short. Prices of other manufactured products, of wool, hides and leather, all show some decline, a general abatement in new orders being the principal cause. With an immense volume of business, not much exceeded in the largest month of the exceptional year 1892, and with evidence, in several important branches, of an increase surpassing that of any previous year, there is a growing uncertainty about the near future of industries.

Money markets are neither strained nor threatening and foreign exchanges no longer raise apprehension. There have been advances in wages of labor within the past month, and only a few works have been closed by strikers for an increase. The cotton manufacture is peculiarly favored by the rise in materials, and by the extraordinary stocks of cotton brought over from last year, but goods are also advancing, those quoted last week now averaging 90.8 against 87.5 per cent. for the period of 1894.

It is too early for cotton movements to cast much light on the probable yield. Port receipts thus far, 23 per cent. smaller than last year, do not indicate as small a crop as many feared, in view of the known lateness of picking. Widely circulated advices to hold back cotton have some influence too. At present prices, averaging 84 cents in Southern markets against 54

cents a year ago, 7,000,000 bales would bring \$13,000,000 more than 9,900,000 bales brought last year.

Failures for the week, which included two banks and several concerns of some size, have been 268 in the United States, against 331 last year; 52 in Canada, against 43 last year.

CUBA AND THE LAW.

A large number of persons in this country sympathize with Cuba in her struggle against Spanish oppression, and as the conflict progresses the desire to aid the patriots more materially is constantly increasing. Expeditions have already been fitted up at several cities on the Atlantic coast, and in all probability a large number of men from this country with arms in their hands are already upon Cuban soil. This feeling of sympathy is especially strong in Florida, and despite the vigilance of the Spanish gunboats and the activity of the United States naval forces there is little doubt but that the revolutionists have received material assistance in men, money and munitions of war from their friends in this country through the Peninsula State.

Many other people in the United States would gladly assist the struggling Cubans, but do not desire to break the neutrality laws of this country. In consequence Attorney General Harman has recently received many letters from citizens of the United States making inquiries as to their right to assist the revolutionists under international law. The attorney general has written in reply that the organization of a military force in aid of the insurrection in Cuba would subject the parties connected therewith to a fine not exceeding \$3,000 and to imprisonment for not more than three years.

Apart from the legal aspects of the case, the attorney general says the United States are not only at peace with Spain, but have a treaty with her by which the extradition of prisoners and many other benefits are secured, and that, therefore, it behooves all American citizens who have respect for the laws and obligations of their country to regard its honor and observe this law in spirit as well as in letter—to be neutral as well in word as in deed. This is very good advice, but it is hard for Americans to see a helpless people brutally oppressed and not lend them a helping hand.

Parkhurst Party for Fusion.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Rev. Dr. Parkhurst to-day broke the silence which he has maintained on politics since the Fusion ticket was formed. He has been as deeply opposed to the Platt wing of the Republican party as to Tammany Hall, therefore it was not known whether he would support the Fusion ticket, which contains a number of Platt men among the candidates. Among other things he said that though he repudiated a portion of the Fusion platform and though he should not neglect to scratch one or more names on the Fusion ticket, yet that fact was not a scabbard in which he should thrust his sword that was already red with the tiger's blood.

More About H. H. Holmes.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 11.—Interest in the H. H. Holmes case was revived here to-day by the reappearance of Detective Geyer, of Philadelphia. He turned up unexpectedly in Irvington this forenoon; going to the house where Howard Pictzel was murdered and his body buried. Geyer fitted a key from his pocket in the front door night latch. It worked perfectly. The key had been found on the person of Holmes after his arrest in Philadelphia.

A Preacher Convicted.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Oct. 11.—Rev. Samuel Howard Chubb, pastor of the Evangelical Church, of Plymouth, near here, was to-day convicted in the criminal court of felonious assault on Rachael Hittner, a 17-year-old member of his flock. The jury was out all night.

Big Bank Balances.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Following are the total bank clearings as telegraphed to Bradstreet's for the week ending October 11: \$1,144,503,762, increase 23.3; exclusive of New York, \$484,845,183, increase 11.1; Dominion of Canada, \$22,460,435, increase 2.7.

Cuban Sympathizers' Mass Meetings.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—The committee appointed at the mass meeting for expressing sympathy with the Cubans struggling for independence, has issued an address earnestly appealing to their fellow citizens throughout the Union to call similar meetings not later than October 31, and wherever practicable on the same day.

To the Public.

We lead, but never follow. Everybody knows that Catogni's restaurant is the only first class ladies' dining room in the city. Two separate dining rooms. Polite attention. We cater to the ladies' trade. Hot and cold water baths at Catogni's.

W. K. ANDREWS & Co., coal and wood dealers, 219 Salem avenue, keep always on hand seasoned oak and pine wood, which they will sell by the cord or cut and split for the stove.

"While down in the Southwestern part of the State some time ago," says Mr. W. Chalmers, editor of the Chico (Cal.) Enterprise, "I had an attack of dysentery. Having heard of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy I bought a bottle. A couple of doses of it completely cured me. Now I am a champion of that remedy for all stomach and bowel complaints." For sale by The Chas. Lyle Drug Company.

W. K. ANDREWS & Co., 219 Salem avenue, handle Pocahontas, Russell Creek, Thacker, Banner, Brush Mountain, Anthracite and Semi-Bituminous. Red Ash coal; also crushed coke and wood.

If you want the cheapest fuel in the city buy W. K. Andrews & Co.'s semi-bituminous red ash coal. Office, 219 Salem avenue.

NO LOST MOTION

Overcoats Made to Measure.

THE DURRANT MURDER TRIAL.

Cross-Examination of the Prisoner Continued—Adjourned Till Tuesday.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 11.—After a three days' ordeal Theodore Durrant to-day left the witness stand. For the first time during the trial Durrant pleaded ignorance. In reply to a question by Mr. Barnes he said he did not know what an alibi was until after his trial began. While testifying to-day the prisoner became badly confused at times and when questioned regarding his experience at Cooper Medical College became so mixed in his dates that he had to refer to a card that he carried in his pocket to set himself right.

He became noticeably confused and rather testy in his replies when examined in regard to the interview that he had with Gilbert F. Graham, a fellow student, at the city prison, when the prosecution claims Durrant asked Graham to furnish him with a copy of the notes of Dr. Cheney's lecture, remarking: "If I had those notes I would be able to prove an alibi."

Durrant, in his dogged way, denied absolutely that he made such a declaration and tried to explain by testifying that Graham came to him with proffers of assistance, going so far as to inquire anxiously if Durrant had the notes of Dr. Cheney's lecture.

Durrant finally admitted that he asked him to furnish the notes, but he testified that he made the request at the advice of his attorneys, who instructed him to get the notes from students of his class and compare them with his own.

The district attorney closed his cross-examination of the witness by trying to show that when he was at the ferries, ostensibly to search for Blanche Lamont, he was, in reality, looking for Minnie Williams, who came over from Oakland that afternoon, and was found murdered in the church the next day.

The defense fought vigorously against the admission of anything bearing on the case of Minnie Williams, and, after a long argument, Judge Murphy sustained the objections.

THE ARMENIAN MASSACRE

Over Seven Hundred Killed, Wounded and Missing.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 10, VIA SOFIA, BULGARIA, Oct. 11.—It is now stated upon good authority that the total number of killed, wounded and missing Armenians up to date, as a result of the recent rioting in this city, is over 700. The dragomans of the various embassies, accompanied by the Cavasseyes, after receiving instructions from the different envoys of the powers to assist the Turkish authorities in prevailing upon the Armenians to leave the churches in which they sought refuge after the outbreak, at first proceeded to the Armenian church of Constantinople.

There an Armenian bishop and the dragoman of the British embassy exhorted the Armenians to return to their houses, assuring them that they had nothing to fear from the Turks, and that the strongest assurances had been given to the representatives of the powers by the Turkish government that the lives and property of Armenians would be protected.

After consultation and delay the refugees declared they would not leave the church except on the following conditions: That amnesty be granted for political offenses; that they be permitted to retain the arms in their possession; that the prisons be opened for the inspection of representatives of the powers, and that the innocent prisoners be released. The dragoman refused to consider this proposition.

In the meanwhile, however, the Armenian women and children had come out of the church, but when they noticed that the men had not followed them they returned weeping and crying out that they would be killed if they returned to their homes alone and saying they preferred to die in the church. The dragomans in view of the obstinacy of the Armenians had a conference during the afternoon with the Armenian patriarch, after which, and through the influence of the prelate, the evacuation of the Kumkapou Cathedral commenced.

As the refugees left the cathedral the priests entered their names on a special list, while the cavasseyes searched them. When arms were found upon the persons of the Armenians they were taken from them and deposited in the patriarchate.

The evacuation of the other churches followed, the police not interfering with the work. In the Armenian church, of Constantinople, it was subsequently announced that 1,200 persons had sought refuge and that 500 refugees had left the Kumkapou Cathedral.

Additional advices received here to-day from Trebizond, Armenia, show that the Mussulmans attacked the church in that quarter of town and attacked many Armenians. Many sought refuge outside the town. The Russian government has decided to send a warship to Trebizond.

W. K. ANDREWS & Co., coal and wood dealers, 219 Salem avenue, have the most extensive coal and wood yards in the city. They keep the largest and best assortment. They have a sufficient number of teams. They have polite drivers and will deliver coal and wood promptly.

Go to Donaldson's for oak suits, very cheap.

Coal.

CONSUMERS of Anthracite Coal can save money by using our coal. Try a sample load and be convinced. KIMBALL COAL COMPANY, 17 Campbell avenue. Telephone 126.

Quick money to loan on real estate. Long time and easy payments. Call at once. T. W. SPINDLE & Co., 104 Jefferson street.

In our TAILORING DEPARTMENT We've never been so busy as now. Perhaps there's a reason for it. Good people don't usually go to the wrong place.

We have everything that is necessary for good clothes-making: The best Garment Makers, the best Trimmings and the most exclusive Suitings. That's why we have a Tailoring Department that fits and is so busy.

GILKESON & CHILD,
Hatters and Men's Furnishers.

America's Great Men.

The greatest, the foremost men of America have all, with but few exceptions, first started their eventful careers of life in the rural districts of this vast and glorious country of liberty. George Washington, the father of our country, a man whose very name will be forever cherished in the hearts of every true American, a man whose deeds of valor, honesty and integrity place him in the eyes of the world as one to be enshrined in the devotion of a lifetime, first saw the light of God's bright sun shining down on his father's country home. Next dear to the hearts of young America comes Abraham Lincoln, who traveled life's road of fame with an unerring step, too true, too honest to take precaution against the sorrowful, cruel fate which cut short his magnificent life in the very flower of worldly fame. Had he lived there would not be to-day so many wives and mothers mourning the absence of loved ones gone before. He, too, was a famous boy, who never forgot the love and care of a mother.

And last, but not least, comes that grand old soldier and scholar, Gen. Robert E. Lee, one whom there is too little said of—a magnificent specimen of manhood, who took the affairs of the South at heart. Although handicapped on both sides he fought bravely until the last. Never flinching from danger, always ready to lend a helping hand to those in need, a counselor to the widows and orphans of both sides, an angel, if there be such a thing in the form of man, who started life upon a plantation of the sunny South. Those are the stamp of men that are known as farmers' sons. Although too much credit cannot be given their dear beloved sisters, the farmer's daughter. We seldom hear of the career of a farmer's daughter. Therefore, that beautiful and accomplished actress, Miss Helen North, will endeavor to portray to you the will and character of Only a Farmer's Daughter at the Academy of Music on next Tuesday night, October 15. The patrons of the Academy will also notice that Manager Hooper has reduced the price of admission and the Academy should be crowded every night it is opened.

One Price For Two Grand Performances.

It seldom happens that the public can attend two performances at a theatre for the price of one. But that is what is arranged to be done by Manager Hooper for Tuesday afternoon and evening, October 22. On that afternoon Gilmore's famous band of fifty men, and Miss Ida Klein, prima donna, all directed by Victor Herbert, will appear at the Academy of Music in full grand concert at 2 p. m. In the evening Eugene Robinson's New York Dramatic Company will present a thrilling drama, "A Ride For Life." Admission to both performances has been fixed at only \$1, and reserved seats may be secured for either for 25 cents extra. This is done in view of a crowd of excursionists from other towns, but the people of Roanoke get the benefit of the arrangement just the same.

Causes Unqualified Regret.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The Chronicle says this morning, on the subject of the pamphlet of his diplomatic service in the United States issued by Lord Sackville, former British minister at Washington: "The feeling existing with reference to the appearance of the Sackville pamphlet is one of unqualified regret. This finds its strongest expression, perhaps, in diplomatic circles."

The Money Reported Found.

PETERSBURG, Va., Oct. 11.—A special to the Index-Appeal from Richmond, Va., says: "It is reported in Lunenburg county that the money stolen from the Pollard house has been found at the residence of Albert Wren, brother-in-law of Mary Abornathy. Mr. Pollard is reticent and will not confirm or deny the rumor."

A Warship Asked For.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Daily News says that the United States minister, Hon. A. W. Terrell, has telegraphed to his Government for a warship to be sent to Messina for the protection of American interests in that district.

HORSEMEN and trainers are among the many who realize the benefits derived from the use of Pond's Extract on horses.

Worn Out Women

Should read this letter. It shows the wonderful building-up powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

"I wish I could stand in some public place and cry to all mankind, 'Hear this, ye people, what wonderful things Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for me and my family.' I cannot express what I suffered. Only one of my sex knows what a woman can suffer in my condition. I was prostrate with nervousness and weakness. The least noise would drive me frantic. I decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am overjoyed to say that I am now well, hearty, rosy and plump."

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine for those suffering as I have suffered." MRS. C. C. KIRKPATRICK, Pine Grove, Penn. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

Colder To-day!

That's What

The weather man promises. Pleasant weather this, if you're suitably clad; most unpleasant if you're still clothed in light summer apparel. We can help you to keep warm with one of our Nobby Unfinished Worsted Fall Overcoats, soft and downy, fast black, and the price—

ONLY \$10!

Suits to Fit the Long and Slim and Short and Stout Men.

ALL-WOOL UNDERWEAR, FROM 50c UP

You Can Save Money by Trading With The

Philadelphia One Price Clothing House.

FACTS ABOUT BUILDING.

When You Build You Want to Use the Best and Cheapest Material.

White Pine Doors, Windows and Blinds ARE THE BEST.

First. Because they are much lighter.
Second. Because they will cost less to hang and keep in repair.
Third. Because they are thoroughly dry and will not shrink.
Fourth. Because they will not warp and get out of shape.
Fifth. Because they have a much smoother surface, with no capping joints.
Sixth. Because they will take and hold paint much better.
Seventh. Because they will last longer.
Eighth. Because they are much better in every respect.

Use Indian Rock Lime, because it is the best.

'PHONE 210

J. H. WILKINSON.

CARPETS!

BUY YOUR CARPETS OF THE

Cincinnati Installment Co.

They have them cut and made at factory on the most economical plan. See Samples at 207, Corner COMMERCE STREET and SALEM AVENUE. Doesn't take long to look, and less time to furnish Carpets. 10-11-12

GOODS . . . NEW . . . STORE
FIRM . . . PRICES

—CALL AT—

36 SALEM AVENUE

AND SEE OUR NEW STOCK OF

CLOTHING

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

NOW OPENED UP.

REMEMBER! THE CHEAPEST MAN IS YOUR BEST FRIEND TRY US

BANNER CLOTHING COMPANY,

36 SALEM AVENUE,

ROANOKE, VA.

THE FARMERS' CONGRESS

The Monetary Situation Discussed and Resolutions Offered.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 11.—At the Farmers' National Congress to-day J. G. Offer, of Illinois, offered a resolution reciting that the demonetization of silver was due to a conspiracy of the chief commercial nations of Europe and calling on the President to endeavor to bring about an international monetary conference. The resolutions conclude:

"Resolved, That we are opposed to any legislation of Congress which will have the effect: to cause either gold or silver to be exported so as thereby to have substantially only one of the metals used as money in this country."

"Resolved, That we will oppose any political party that will not endorse the foregoing resolution."

THE ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

The Cubans to Have a Day—Alabama, Ohio and Cincinnati Days.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 11.—Cuban independence is to be recognized at the exposition, the directors having decided to have a Cuban independence day during November. The Cubans of the United States who are interested in the success of the revolution in Cuba will be invited here and several prominent men are to be asked to address them.

The Alabamians formally opened their State building at the exposition to-day. Addresses were made by Governor Oates, of Alabama, and President Collier, of the exposition. The State was well represented, and when the hour came for serving punch the State building was thronged.

The \$1,000 championship belt for the winner in the horse reel contest was won by the Independent Horse Company, of Martins Ferry, Ohio. There were eleven competing teams.

Go to Donaldson's for refrigerators at cost.